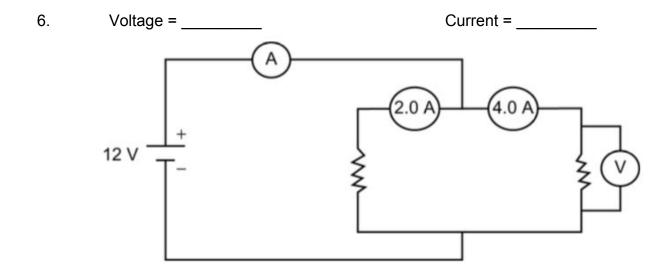
## **Parallel Circuits**

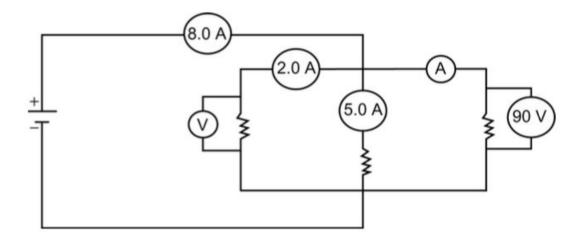
Goal • Review your understanding of parallel circuits.

Circle the best term in the parentheses to correctly complete each statement.

- 1. A parallel circuit has (only one, more than one) path for current to travel.
- 2. Two different resistors are connected in parallel. The current through one of the resistors will be (*equal to, different from*) the current through the other resistor.
- 3. If two different resistors are connected in parallel, the voltage across one resistor will be (*equal to, different from*) the voltage across the second resistor.
- 4. By adding a resistor in parallel with an original resistor, the total resistance of the circuit (*increases*, *decreases*).
- 5. The total current entering the junction of a parallel circuit must be (*equal to, different from*) the sum of the currents through each branch of the parallel circuit.

Find the unknown voltage at V, and current at A, in each of the following circuits.





7. Voltage = \_\_\_\_\_

Current = \_\_\_\_\_